Ohio University
Student Code of Conduct
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Section A: Mission
Ohio University, including its regional campuses and online programs, holds as its central purpose the intellectual and personal development of its students. Distinguished by its rich history, diverse campus, international community, and beautiful Appalachian setting, Ohio University is also known as well for its outstanding faculty of accomplished teachers whose research and creative activity advance knowledge across many disciplines. It is this purpose that provides the aspirational basis for the Student Code of Conduct.

As we like to remind students, they are Bobcats no matter where they are. This means that each member of the OHIO community is responsible for their behavior, both on and off campus. When occasions arise where members of the community engage in behavior that violates the prohibited conduct listed in Section D, the Community Standards Process will be initiated. This process exists to protect the interest of the community and to challenge those whose behavior is not in accordance with our expectations of members of the Ohio University community. The University fully recognizes the right of all students to seek knowledge, debate and freely express their ideas. Discourse and disagreement are fundamental components of any academic endeavor, and students will not be subject to disciplinary action for their lawful expression of ideas.

Sanctions implemented through the process are designed to give students the opportunity to reflect on their choices, challenge their ethical decision-making, and aid them in adjusting their behavior to become congruent with our community expectations. Being a member of the Ohio University community is a privilege, and the Community Standards Process will determine if a student’s conduct warrants that they should no longer share in that privilege.

Section B: Scope of the Code
The Student Code of Conduct applies to the conduct of individual students, student organizations and student groups, both undergraduate and graduate, including students enrolled in the Heritage College of Osteopathic Medicine, at regional campuses, and in distance education programs. The right of all students to seek knowledge, debate and freely express their ideas is fully recognized by the University. The prohibited conduct described in Section D applies to student behavior and will not be used to impose discipline for the lawful expression of ideas.

The Student Code of Conduct applies to all students, student organizations and student groups, regardless of whether or not the alleged behavior occurred on or off campus. Further, the Student Code of Conduct may also be applied to behavior conducted online, via e-mail or through other electronic mediums. Ohio University does not regularly search for this information, but may take action if such information is brought to the attention of University officials.

The Community Standards process may be initiated when a student is charged with conduct that potentially violates both civil/criminal law and University policy, without regard to the pendency of litigation in court or criminal arrest and prosecution. The Community Standards process may be carried out prior to, simultaneously with, or following criminal proceedings off campus. Determinations made
and sanctions imposed under the *Student Code of Conduct* will not be subject to change because criminal charges arising out of the same facts were dismissed, reduced, or resolved in favor of or against the criminal law defendant.

**Section C: Definition of Terms**
The below definitions apply to the Community Standards Process. For definitions and other information related to the Sexual Misconduct Process, please see the Appendix B.

**Advisor** – An Ohio University employee or student selected by the complainant or respondent to assist them throughout the Community Standards Process. This advisor may advise and assist the complainant or respondent in the preparation for any meetings or hearings that may occur; accompany the complainant or respondent through all Community Standards Process meetings and hearing; and to actively participate in the proceedings to the extent desired by the complainant or respondent. Advisors may not be witnesses in the matter at hand, and they may not provide direct information or testimony at any point in the process. Advisors are not provided as part of the Community Standards Process, and complainants and respondents wishing to use an advisor are responsible for obtaining one.

**Campus** – Property or buildings owned, leased, operated, controlled or managed by Ohio University, including all regional campuses, regardless of their location.

**Complainant** – Person who was subject to alleged misconduct as described in the *Student Code of Conduct*. There may be more than one complainant for an incident.

**Hearing Authority** – Any person, or persons, authorized by the director of the Office of Community Standard and Student Responsibility, or designee to make findings as to whether a student has violated the Prohibited Conduct section of the *Student Code of Conduct*. This includes but is not limited to Residential Housing Staff, Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility Staff, and members of the University Hearing Board.

**Hearing Board Advisor** – A staff member from the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility designated to advise members of the University Hearing Board during University Hearing Board Hearings.

**Hearing Board Chair** – A member of the University Hearing Board who has been designated by the hearing board advisor to serve as the chairperson for a University Hearing Board Hearing.

**Hearing Officer** – A hearing authority who has been designated to preside over an Administrative Hearing and make findings as to whether a student has violated the Prohibited Conduct section of the *Student Code of Conduct*
**Members of the University Community** — Refers, collectively and individually, to faculty, staff, students, Trustees, volunteers (e.g., advisors), organizations, groups, alumni, and contractors of the University or any of its campuses, facilities, programs, or events.

**Preponderance of Evidence** — Standard of proof used by the hearing authority. Preponderance of evidence means that the statements and information presented in the matter must indicate to a reasonable person that it is more likely than not that the respondent committed a violation.

**Referral** — Document which contains the basis for the alleged violation of the Prohibited Conduct section of the Student Code of Conduct, including but not limited to police reports or incident reports submitted to the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility.

**Referring Party** — Person or office which reported the alleged violation of the Prohibited Conduct section of the Student Code of Conduct to the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility.

**Respondent** — Student, student group, or student organization whom it is alleged committed a violation or violations of the Student Code of Conduct. There may be more than one respondent for an incident. In the cases of student groups or student organizations, the president, director, or other member of leadership will participate in the Student Conduct Process on behalf of the group or organization.

**Student** — Any person from the time he or she accepts admission to Ohio University up through the date of graduation. This includes, but is not limited to, new students at orientation, persons not currently enrolled but who are still seeking a degree from Ohio University, persons currently under suspension, and any other person enrolled in a credit earning course offered by Ohio University. For purposes of exercising jurisdiction for University discipline, it also includes any person who has graduated from Ohio University if the University determines that his/her graduation or receipt of credit may have involved misconduct while he/she was working toward a degree.

**Student Groups** — A number of persons who are associated with the University and each other, but who have not registered, or are not required to register, as a student organization (included but not limited to athletic teams, musical or theatrical ensembles, academic or administrative units, clubs not registered as a student organization).

**Student Organization** — A number of persons who are associated with one another and have registered with the University as a student organization, including but not limited to clubs, club sports, or fraternities and sororities.

**Support Person** — Any person chosen by either the complainant or the respondent to provide support to them throughout their interactions with CSSR. This person does not actively participate in
the process, but can be present at meetings and hearings to provide support to the complainant or respondent. The support person cannot be a witness in the matter in question.

**University** – Ohio University, including all of its regional campuses and online programs.

**University Appeal Board**– A panel of three individuals selected to review appeals as described in Section 8. The panel will be made up of three individuals from the University Hearing Board: one faculty member, one staff member, and one student.

**University Facility** – Any building or other facility, including an athletic or recreational field, that is owned and operated by the University.

**University Hearing Board**– A panel of three individuals who are responsible for hearing matters involving alleged violations of the Prohibited Conduct section of the *Student Code of Conduct* when the director, associate director, assistant director, or hearing officer in CSSR has determined that suspension or expulsion may be appropriate sanctions if the respondent is found responsible for the charge(s). A hearing board is composed of two students and one faculty or staff member.

**University Official** – Any person employed by the University (including but not limited to faculty, staff, administration, and student staff members) acting within the scope of their job duties.

**Witness** – Person who is requested to participate in an investigation or a hearing because they may have information about the alleged misconduct. Witness names may be supplied by the complainant, respondent, or others with knowledge of the matter. All witnesses requested to appear at a hearing will be considered University witnesses.

**Section D: Prohibited Conduct**

The University considers the behavior described in the following sub-sections as inappropriate for members of the Ohio University community. These rules apply to all Ohio University students, student groups, and student organizations for behavior that occurs both on and off campus. The right of all students to seek knowledge, debate and freely express their ideas is fully recognized by the University.

1. **Academic Misconduct**
   a. **Plagiarism:** Using another’s work, in whole or in part, without acknowledging the source and presenting that material as one’s own academic work. This includes, but is not limited to:
      i. Reproducing another person's work, whether published or unpublished (this also includes using materials from companies that sell research papers)
      ii. Using another's ideas or written words without properly acknowledging the source:
         A. Quoting a source word for word without providing quotation marks and citations.
         B. Copying words or ideas from a source without appropriate citations.
iii. Submitting work that is substantially identical to another source in content and/or organization without appropriately citing the source.

iv. Using other intellectual property in a work without appropriate citations, permissions, or rights (when applicable). Intellectual property includes but is not limited to images, videos, software programs, computer code, or pieces of music.

b. Cheating: Any attempt by a student to answer questions on a test, quiz, or assignment by means other than his or her own knowledge, without authorization from the instructor resulting in unfair academic advantage. This includes, but is not limited to:

   i. Using the textbook or other materials, such as a notebook, not authorized for use during an examination.

   ii. Using technology (i.e. cell phones, laptop computers, social media, text messages, etc.) to aid in the completion of work when not permitted to do so.

   iii. Observing or copying the work of another student or allowing another student to plagiarize, copy, or observe one’s own work.

   iv. Using unauthorized material during a test, notes, formula lists, notes written on clothing, etc.

   v. Taking a quiz, exam, or similar evaluation in place of another person.

   vi. Providing or requesting assistance from another person in a manner prohibited by the instructor.

   vii. Using a laboratory, computer, or calculator inappropriately or without authorization.

   viii. Changing material on a graded exam and then requesting a re-grading of the exam.

   ix. Acquiring unauthorized knowledge of an examination or any part of an examination.

   x. Signing in any person other than one’s self for class attendance.

c. Multiple Submissions: Submitting the same academic work for credit more than once unless specifically authorized by the instructor of record.

d. Fabrication or Falsification: Knowingly using and/or presenting invented or fabricated information, falsified research, or other findings.

e. Misrepresentation: Misrepresenting facts in an attempt to gain an academic advantage. This includes, but is not limited to:

   i. Providing false or misleading information in an attempt to receive an extension or postponement of a test, quiz, or other assignment

   ii. Providing false or misleading information in an attempt to receive a re-take of an exam or a re-submission of an assignment

   iii. Providing false or misleading information as part of an academic probation/dismissal appeal process.

Please note: An instructor may impose a grade penalty for academic misconduct and/or file a disciplinary referral.
2. **Possessing/Providing False and Misleading Information**
   a. Furnishing false information to University officials or law enforcement officers acting within the scope of their job duties.
   b. Forgery, alteration, or misuse of University documents and/or records.
   c. Possession, use and/or attempted use of false identification.
   d. Manufacture, distribution, or sale of false identification.
   e. Transferring, lending, borrowing or altering University identification.

3. **Alcoholic Beverages Violation**
   a. Use and/or possession of alcoholic beverages except as expressly permitted by law and University Policy 24.001. This includes, but is not limited to, the underage possession or consumption of alcohol.
   b. Selling and/or distribution of alcoholic beverages except as expressly permitted by law and University Policy 24.001.
   c. Furnishing or causing to be furnished any alcoholic beverage to any person in a state of noticeable intoxication.
   d. Misconduct under the influence of alcohol including but not limited to operating a vehicle under the influence, disorderly conduct by intoxication, and public intoxication.
   e. Failure of a student organization to take all necessary steps to ensure that no person under the legal drinking age possesses alcoholic beverages at functions it sponsors or within any property or transportation it owns, operates, and/or rents.

4. **Controlled Substance and/or Drug Violation**
   a. Unlawful use and/or possession marijuana except as expressly permitted by law.
   b. Unlawful use and/or possession of other controlled substances except as expressly permitted by law.
   c. Possession or use of drug related paraphernalia except as expressly permitted by law.
   d. The abuse, misuse, sale, or distribution of prescription or over the counter medication.
   e. Manufacture, distribution, sale and/or offer for sale of any controlled substance, or drug, except as expressly permitted by law.
   f. Intentionally or recklessly inhaling or ingesting substances (e.g. nitrous oxide, glue, paint, etc.) that will alter a person’s state of mind.

5. **Disruptive Conduct**
   a. Disrupting and/or interfering with university operations including but not limited to obstruction of teaching, research and/or administrative activities which occur on or off campus.
   b. Causing, inciting, or participating in any disturbance that presents a clear and present danger to others, causes physical harm to others, or damage and/or destruction of property.
   c. Failure to comply with lawful orders of University officials or law enforcement officers acting within the scope of their job duties.
   d. An act which deliberately interferes with the freedom of speech of any member or guest of the university community.
e. Misuse and/or tampering with any university safety equipment including but not limited to firefighting equipment, fire alarms, smoke detectors, blue light phones, etc.

f. Public Urination

g. Election Tampering: Tampering with the election of any Ohio University recognized student organization, including Student Government Association.

6. Harmful Behavior

a. Physical harm or threat of physical harm to any person.

b. Harassment: Unwelcome conduct (including written or electronic communication) that is so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it substantially interferes with the ability of a person to work, learn, live or participate in, or benefit from the services, activities, or privileges provided by the University. In no event shall this provision be used to discipline a student for speech protected by the First Amendment of the United States.

c. Discrimination: Unwelcome conduct (including written or electronic communication) against another individual that is based upon an individual protected category (as defined in Ohio University Policy 40.001) that is so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it substantially interferes with the ability of a person to work, learn, live or participate in, or benefit from services, activities, or privileges provided by the University. In no event shall this provision be used to discipline a student for speech protected by the First Amendment of the United States.

d. Retaliation against other person(s) alleging misconduct.

7. Sexual Misconduct, Relationship Violence and Stalking

a. Sexual Harassment by Quid Pro Quo: See University Policy 03.004: Sexual Misconduct, Relationship Violence and Stalking.

b. Sexual Harassment by Hostile Environment: See University Policy 03.004: Sexual Misconduct, Relationship Violence and Stalking.

c. Non-Consensual Sexual Intercourse: See University Policy 03.004: Sexual Misconduct, Relationship Violence and Stalking.

d. Non-Consensual Sexual Contact: See University Policy 03.004: Sexual Misconduct, Relationship Violence and Stalking.

e. Sexual Exploitation: See University Policy 03.004: Sexual Misconduct, Relationship Violence and Stalking.

f. Domestic violence: See University Policy 03.004: Sexual Misconduct, Relationship Violence and Stalking.

g. Dating Violence: See University Policy 03.004: Sexual Misconduct, Relationship Violence and Stalking.

h. Stalking: See University Policy 03.004: Sexual Misconduct, Relationship Violence and Stalking.

i. Retaliatory Harassment: See University Policy 03.004: Sexual Misconduct, Relationship Violence and Stalking.

8. Hazing
a. Any action that recklessly or intentionally endangers the mental, emotional, or physical health and/or safety of a student for the purpose of initiation or admission into, or affiliation with, any student organization or group regardless of the person’s consent to participate.
b. Brutality of a physical nature including but not limited to paddling, whipping, beating, branding, forced calisthenics, exposure to the elements.
c. Coerced consumption including but not limited to any food, alcoholic beverage, liquid, drug, or any other substance that subjects the student to an unreasonable risk of harm.
d. Acts intended to cause mental stress including but not limited to sleep deprivation, transportation and/or abandonment, confinement to a small space, forced exclusion from social contact, forced contact which could reasonably result in embarrassment, any forced activity that is designed to shame and/or humiliate, or any act of harassment, as defined in Section D.6.b.
e. Coerced activities including but not limited to violation of local/state/federal laws, violation of university policies/rules/regulations, and personal servitude.

9. Theft
   a. Taking without consent the property or services of the university, another person, business, or organization.
   b. Possessing property that can reasonably be determined to have been stolen from the University, another person, business, or organization.

10. Damage to Property
    a. The destruction of, or damage to, public or private property.

11. Possession of Weapons and/or Dangerous Materials
    a. Possession, storage or use of weapons including but not limited to firearms, compressed-air guns, pellet guns, etc. on university owned or affiliated property except as expressly permitted by law.
    b. Possession, storage or use of dangerous materials including but not limited to fireworks, explosives or chemicals which are corrosive or explosive on university owned or affiliated property except as expressly permitted by law.
    c. Any object not mentioned above used to intimidate, threaten, harm, and/or provide force can be considered a weapon under this provision.

12. Misuse of Keys and/or Access Device
    a. Unauthorized use, distribution, duplication, or possession of any key or other access device issued for any university building, structure, room or facility.

13. Misuse of the University Disciplinary Process
    a. Falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation of information during the Community Standards Process, including filing a false complaint against another person.
    b. Hindering or interfering with the Community Standards Process by failing to abide by the notice from a University official to appear for a student conduct meeting or hearing.
    c. Intimidation or retaliation in response to an individual’s participation in, or use of, the Community Standards Process.

14. Misuse of University Facilities
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15. Violation of Ohio University Student Housing Handbook
   a. Violation of any published Residential Housing policy, rule and/or regulation.

16. Violation of University Policy
   a. Violation of any University policy and/or procedure of Ohio University.

17. Violation of Law
   a. Conduct that would constitute a violation of any local, state, and/or federal law, including violation of the Code of Ordinances of the City of Athens.

Section E: Community Standards Process
The following processes apply to those involved in matters being addressed by the Community Standards Process. For information regarding the process for resolving a sexual misconduct allegation, please see Appendix B.

1. Referrals – Members of the Ohio University community may file a student conduct referral alleging that a student, student group, or student organization has violated the Prohibited Conduct outlined in the Student Code of Conduct. The Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility (CSSR) may also receive referrals from external entities, including law enforcement and members of the general public. Upon receipt of a referral, the director of the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility or designee, may review all relevant information and may consult with any appropriate parties regarding the incident in question. It is the responsibility of the director of the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility (CSSR) to determine the appropriateness of the referral as well as how the referral will be processed. Upon receipt of a referral and if appropriate, interim measures (including Presidential Interim Suspension), may be implemented as outlined in Section I.

2. Hearing Authorities – Hearing authorities are responsible for processing cases involving alleged violations of Prohibited Conduct as described in the Student Code of Conduct. The director of CSSR (or designee) is responsible for determining the appropriate hearing authority for each matter. The following are hearing authorities:
   a. CSSR Staff Members – Appropriate staff members from the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility are responsible for hearing matters involving alleged violations of the Prohibited Conduct section of the Student Code of Conduct and serve to advise both the complainant and the respondent regarding procedures relating to the Student Code of Conduct. They have the authority to conduct Community Standards Conferences, to serve as a hearing officer in an Administrative Hearing, and to serve as an advisor to the University Hearing Board and the University Appeal Board. They have the authority to impose the full range of sanctions under the Student Code of Conduct, up to and including disciplinary suspension and disciplinary expulsion.
   b. Residential Housing Staff Members – Appropriate staff members from Residential Housing are responsible for hearing matters involving alleged violations of the
Prohibited Conduct section of the *Student Code of Conduct* and serve to advise the respondent and complainant (if applicable) regarding procedures relating to the *Student Code of Conduct*. They have the authority to conduct Community Standards Conferences and to serve as a hearing officer in an Administrative Hearing. They have the authority to impose sanctions under the *Student Code of Conduct* up to and including disciplinary probation.

c. **University Hearing Board** – The University Hearing Board (UHB) is responsible for hearing matters involving alleged violations of the Prohibited Conduct section of the *Student Code of Conduct* when an appropriate CSSR staff member has determined that disciplinary suspension or disciplinary expulsion may be appropriate sanctions if the respondent is found responsible for the charge(s). A hearing board is composed of two students and one faculty member or administrator. The UHB is advised by a CSSR staff member and does not directly impose sanctions under the *Student Code of Conduct*. In instances where the respondent is found in violation, the UHB will make a recommendation regarding sanctions to the dean of students or designee, who will then impose any sanctions.

3. **Community Standards Conference**

Any student, student group, or student organization (hereinafter referred to as the respondent) who has been charged with an alleged violation of the Prohibited Conduct section of the *Student Code of Conduct* will first be scheduled for a Community Standards Conference with the hearing authority assigned to review the allegation. The respondent will be notified in writing of the date, time, and location of the Community Standards Conference. Written notification will include:

   a. the specific charges pending against the respondent;
   b. a brief summary of the referral;
   c. statement of rights and responsibilities; and
   d. If applicable, a statement notifying the respondent that the alleged conduct is significant enough that they may face suspension or expulsion if the charge is substantiated.

The Community Standards Conference is the first step in the Community Standards Process, and serves to provide the respondent with the opportunity to discuss the allegations that led to the referral. The respondent will receive more information regarding the Community Standards Process, clarification of their rights and options, the ability to inspect and review all relevant information as well as a range of potential sanctions for the violation in question should the charges be substantiated. After a discussion regarding the incident and review of relevant information, the respondent will have an opportunity to accept or deny responsibility for the charge(s). If the respondent accepts responsibility for the charge(s), the hearing authority will sanction the respondent as part of the Community Standards Conference.

If the respondent denies responsibility for one or more of the charges, the hearing authority will
proceed to schedule a hearing for the student. If the hearing authority has determined that should the charge(s) be substantiated, disciplinary suspension or disciplinary expulsion are not appropriate sanctions, the respondent will be scheduled for an Administrative Hearing. If the hearing authority determines that disciplinary suspension or disciplinary expulsion are potential sanctions, the respondent may choose either an Administrative Hearing or a University Hearing Board.

The respondent must attend the Community Standards Conference. If the respondent fails to appear for two scheduled Community Standards Conferences and the absence is not excused, the conference will proceed in their absence. In these instances, if the hearing authority has determined that disciplinary suspension or disciplinary expulsion are not potential sanctions should the charge(s) be substantiated, the matter will be resolved in the Community Standards Conference based on an evaluation of the evidence available to the hearing authority at the time of the scheduled conference. If the hearing authority determines that disciplinary suspension or disciplinary expulsion are potential sanctions should the charge(s) be substantiated, the respondent will be scheduled for an Administrative Hearing and sent notification of that hearing. The date for a hearing will be determined within a reasonable period of time following the Community Standards Conference. Hearing notification shall include:

a. The date, time, and location of the hearing;
b. the specific charges against the respondent;
c. a statement of rights and responsibilities; and
d. in instances of administrative hearings only, the name of the hearing officer.

4. Hearings
The purpose of a hearing is to provide an equitable forum for the review of the available information regarding an alleged incident of misconduct. The hearing authority will decide by the preponderance of evidence whether or not the respondent is found responsible for the charge(s). All hearings are closed to the public, with the exception of advisors and/or support persons for the complainant and respondent. All parties directly participating in the hearing (the respondent, complainant, and staff member from CSSR or Residential Housing who is presenting the information) may remain present the entire time, excluding deliberations.

a. Types of Hearings
i. Administrative Hearing – Administrative Hearings are presided over by a single hearing officer. The hearing officer will be someone other than the staff member who conducted the original Community Standards Conference. If the respondent fails to appear at a scheduled administrative hearing and the absence is not excused, the hearing may proceed in the respondent’s absence or may be rescheduled at the discretion of the hearing officer.

ii. University Hearing Board Hearing – University Hearing Board Hearings are presided over by members of the University Hearing Board. Each University Hearing Board Hearing will have a hearing board chair. The chair is responsible
for keeping the proceedings moving forward. If the respondent fails to appear at a scheduled University Hearing Board and the absence is not excused, the hearing may proceed in the respondent’s absence or may be rescheduled at the discretion of the chair. Each University Hearing Board is assigned a hearing board advisor. The role of the advisor is to ensure the Community Standards Process is adhered to and to answer procedural questions posed by any party during the hearing. The hearing board advisor will also keep the proceedings focused on issues relevant to the specific allegations. The hearing board advisor will not participate in a determination of a finding or sanction. However, the board advisor may be summoned by University Hearing Board members during deliberations to answer questions regarding the Community Standards process.

b. Hearing Procedures
   i. Guidelines
      1. The hearing authority will explain the respondent’s rights and responsibilities, and, if applicable, the complainant’s rights and responsibilities.
      2. The hearing authority (in conjunction with the board advisor, if applicable), is responsible for assuring that these rights as well as the process described in this section are adhered to during the hearing.
      3. The respondent or the complainant may ask for the removal of a hearing authority by providing written or verbal evidence of bias.
         a. In cases before a hearing board, the charge of bias is made to the chairperson who will determine whether it is valid. If the charge of bias is against the chairperson, the hearing board advisor shall decide whether it is valid. If bias is found, the hearing will be rescheduled.
         b. In an administrative hearing, the charge of bias against the hearing authority can be made to the director of CSSR, prior to the hearing. The director will decide if the charge is valid. If bias is found, the director will assign a new hearing authority to conduct the hearing.
      4. The hearing authority may ask questions of any party at any time throughout the hearing.
      5. The hearing authority is responsible for determining the relevancy of questions asked during a hearing. The hearing authority may deem certain questions irrelevant and not allow them to be asked. In University Hearing Board hearings, the hearing board advisor may assist the hearing chair in those determinations.
      6. The hearing authority may exclude persons from the hearing if they are disruptive, or postpone the hearing because of disruptive behavior of participants or observers.

   ii. Introduction
1. Each party in the room will introduce themselves and explain their role in the hearing.
2. The hearing authority will ask the respondent to briefly introduce themselves and explain why they have requested the hearing.

iii. Presentation of Information
1. Following the respondent’s introduction, a staff member from either CSSR or Residential Housing will provide the hearing authority with a detailed summary of the incident and, if applicable, any subsequent investigation.
2. If there is a complainant, the complainant will then have an opportunity to provide the hearing authority with a summary of their role and perspective on the incident.
3. The hearing authority will then ask the respondent to describe their involvement in the matter at hand as it pertains to the charges being considered in the hearing. The hearing authority may question the respondent at this time.
4. The staff member from CSSR or Residential Housing will then present any relevant witnesses or documentary information to the hearing authority. The hearing authority, respondent, and complainant (if applicable) will each in turn have the opportunity to ask questions regarding the information presented.
5. The complainant (if applicable) will then present any relevant witnesses or documentary information to the hearing authority. The hearing authority, respondent, and staff member will each in turn have the opportunity to ask questions regarding the information presented.
6. The respondent will then present any relevant witnesses or documentary information to the hearing authority. The hearing authority, complainant (if applicable), and staff member will each in turn have the opportunity to ask questions regarding the information presented.
7. The staff member from CSSR or Residential Housing will have an opportunity to make a summary statement.
8. The complainant, if applicable, will have an opportunity to make a summary statement.
9. The respondent will have an opportunity to make a summary statement.

iv. Deliberation and Finding
1. The hearing authority will go into closed session to determine by the preponderance of evidence whether the respondent will be found in violation of the charges pending in this matter. University Hearing Boards determine findings by majority vote.
2. The hearing will re-convene for the announcement of the finding. If the respondent is not found responsible for the violation, the case will be dismissed. If the respondent is found responsible for a violation of one or more of the pending charges, the hearing will proceed to sanctioning.

v. Sanctioning

1. The respondent will be offered an opportunity to speak on his or her behalf and to present character witnesses or written references for consideration in determining a sanction.

2. The complainant, if applicable and present, will be given the opportunity to present a verbal impact statement. If there is a complainant who has chosen not to attend the hearing but has provided a sealed, written impact statement, it will be opened and read aloud by the hearing authority.

3. The staff member from CSSR or Residential Housing will give an overview of the respondent’s disciplinary history, if any. The respondent will be given the opportunity to respond to the overview.

4. If the respondent was presented with a possible sanction during their Community Standards Conference, the staff member from CSSR or Residential Housing will share that proposed sanction with the hearing authority.

5. The hearing authority will consider the following in determining a sanction:
   a. statements and evidence presented at the hearing;
   b. seriousness of the violation;
   c. the complainant’s oral or written statement of impact;
   d. the respondent’s character information;
   e. prior disciplinary record of the respondent; and
   f. disciplinary precedent.

6. The hearing authority will go into closed session to determine a sanction.

7. The hearing will reconvene for the announcement of the sanction.
   a. In University Hearing Board hearings, the sanction is recommended to the dean of students or designee, who will make the final decision. While normally the Board’s recommendation will be the sanction imposed, the dean of students or designee may impose a different sanction. The dean of students or designee will send the student written notification of the decision.
   b. In Administrative hearings, the sanction is imposed by the hearing officer. The hearing officer will send the student written notification of the decision.
Presenting a Case Using University Legal Counsel
In rare instances, the University may decide to formally present a student conduct case using legal counsel. In such cases, the respondent will be given adequate notice in order to seek legal counsel, if so desired. In these instances, the case will be heard by a University Hearing Board and the director of the Office of Legal Affairs (or designee) will serve as a non-voting member of the hearing board.

Section F: Sanctions & Conditions of Sanction
1. Sanctions – Students, student organizations, and student groups of Ohio are responsible for abiding by all Ohio University policies. When a respondent is found in violation of the Prohibited Conduct section of the Student Code of Conduct, appropriate disciplinary sanctions will be imposed. Sanctions are defined as follows:
   a. Reprimand – Official notification of unacceptable behavior and violation(s) of the Student Code of Conduct. Any further misconduct may result in more serious disciplinary sanctions.
   b. Disciplinary Probation – Sanction imposed for a designated period of time. Further violation of Prohibited Conduct as outlined in Section D may result in further disciplinary action up to and including disciplinary suspension or disciplinary expulsion. Periodic probationary meetings may also be required. All assigned conditions of sanction must be completed prior to the conclusion of disciplinary probation; otherwise the disciplinary probation will remain in effect.
   c. Disciplinary Suspension – Sanction imposed for a designated period of time. During the period of suspension, a student may not attend classes (either in person or online), or participate in University related activities, whether they occur on or off campus. Additionally, a student under disciplinary suspension may not be present on University premises unless authorized in writing in advance under conditions approved by the director of the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility. All assigned educational sanctions must be completed prior to the conclusion of disciplinary suspension; otherwise the disciplinary suspension will remain in effect.
      i. Undergraduate students who have been suspended from the University must petition for reenrollment through the director of the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility. Reenrollment may be granted, with further probationary status, at the discretion of the director. Students enrolled in post-baccalaureate programs who have been suspended must petition for reenrollment through the Director of the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility. Reenrollment under such circumstances will be determined by the Director of the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility and the college or department in which the student was enrolled.
      ii. Disciplinary Suspension of a student organization or student group is a temporary revocation of University recognition. While an organization or group is suspended, it may not use University resources or participate as an
organization in any University activities or events. A student organization suspension will not exceed five years.

d. **Disciplinary Expulsion** – Sanction which permanently removes the student from their academic program and separates the student from the University without the opportunity to graduate or reenroll in the future. A student under disciplinary expulsion may not be present on University premises unless authorized in writing in advance under conditions approved by the director of the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility. Expulsion will be noted on the student’s academic transcript.

i. Disciplinary Expulsion of a student organization or student group is the permanent revocation of University recognition of that organization.

2. **Conditions of Sanction** – In conjunction with a sanction, a student found to have been in violation of Prohibited Conduct may be assigned conditions of sanction that are educational in nature and reflect the nature of the violation. Conditions of sanction include but are not limited to, reflective papers, seminars, community restitution, fines/fees, etc. If a student has any outstanding conditions of sanction at the conclusion of disciplinary probation or suspension, that student’s disciplinary probation or suspension status will remain in effect pending the completion of the conditions of sanction. Additionally, failure to complete conditions of sanction by the deadline given will result in the placement of a disciplinary hold on the student's academic records.

**Section G: Student Rights & Responsibilities**

The following rights and responsibilities apply to those involved in a matter being addressed by the Community Standards Process. For information regarding the rights and options available to those involved in the resolution of a sexual misconduct allegation, please see please see Appendix B.

1. **Rights of Respondent** – All respondents in the Community Standards Process have the following rights:

   a. Written notice of the charge(s) made against them and the basis of the allegation that led to the charge(s).

   b. In matters that could result in a sanction of suspension or expulsion, the above-mentioned notification will alert the respondent to the possible severity of the outcome.

   c. The right to an advisor, as defined in Section C.

   d. The right to a support person, as defined in Section C.

   e. To request reasonable accommodations due to disability (see Section G.3).

   f. Reasonable access to inspect and review their own case file, which includes all information that would be used during the Community Standards Process, to the extent permitted by confidentiality laws.

   g. Explanation of the resolution options available to them through the Community Standards Process.

   h. To be presumed not responsible for a violation of prohibited conduct until found in violation by a preponderance of the evidence.
i. To speak or not speak on their own behalf.

j. The opportunity to respond to information used as part of the decision-making process.

k. To deny responsibility for the charge(s) facing them and request a hearing.

l. To question any witnesses that participate as part of a hearing.

m. The right to appeal, as described in Section H.

n. To waive any of the above stated rights provided that the waiver is made freely and in writing.

2. Rights of the Complainant – All complainants in the Community Standards Process have the following rights:

   a. To pursue criminal or civil charges where a legal case exists (without University assistance).
   b. Explanation of the resolution options available to them through the Community Standards Process.
   c. To be free from harassment and intimidation from respondents and others as they engage this process.
   d. The right to an advisor, as defined in Section C.
   e. The right to a support person, as defined in Section C.
   f. To request reasonable accommodations due to disability (see Section G.3).
   g. To provide information for consideration during the Community Standards Process, and to know the results of the process to the extent allowed under federal laws and University policies.
   h. The opportunity to appear at any hearing that may take place in order to provide relevant information.
   i. The opportunity to question any witnesses that participate as part of a hearing.
   j. The opportunity to submit a written impact statement for use in a hearing, even if the complainant chooses not to attend the hearing.

3. Responsibilities of Respondents, Complainants, and Witnesses – All respondents, complainants, and witnesses in the Community Standards Process have the following responsibilities:

   a. To be honest and forthright in all information they provide during the Community Standards Process. Presenting false and misleading information during this process is a violation of Prohibited Conduct as outlined in Section D.
   b. To attend all scheduled meetings, conferences, or hearings, unless alternate arrangements are made in advance.
   c. To refrain from disruption of the hearing process. Disruption of this process is a violation of Prohibited Conduct as outlined in Section D.
   d. Complainants and respondents have the responsibility to prepare and present their entire case as well as secure the presence of any witnesses who will speak on their behalf.
4. Reasonable Accommodation for Students with Disabilities – Any student with a disability involved in this process has the right to request reasonable accommodation in order to ensure their full and equal participation. Students wishing to request reasonable accommodations should make those requests directly to the Office of Student Accessibility Services (SAS). Students do not have to disclose information about the complaint or charge to SAS to request reasonable accommodation, except to the extent that it may assist in the determination of reasonable accommodations. Accommodations are determined on an individual basis by SAS staff and implemented in consultation with the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility. Examples of reasonable accommodation include but not are limited to sign language interpretation, real-time communication access during hearings, large print documents, extended time to review documents, or assistance with transcribing questions during interviews or hearings.

Section H: Appeal Process
The following appeal processes apply to those involved in matters being addressed by the Community Standards Process. For information regarding the appeal process regarding allegations of sexual misconduct, please see Appendix B.

1. A respondent that has accepted responsibility for, or was found in violation of Prohibited Conduct through the Community Standards Process, may appeal the finding(s) and condition(s) of sanctions imposed within three business days after the receipt of written notification detailing the decision of the case. Upon reasonable request, the three business day deadline may be extended by the director of the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility.

2. In the appeal, the respondent must state the reason(s) for the appeal, the supporting facts, and the requested solution. An appeal is not a rehearing of the matter and cannot be filed simply because the student disagrees with the outcome. An appeal may only be submitted for one or more of the following reasons:
   a. The sanctions and/or conditions of sanctions are extraordinarily disproportionate to the violation(s); and/or
   b. A procedural defect occurred that significantly impacted that outcome of the hearing; and/or
   c. Discovery of new and significant information that could have affected the outcome of the hearing and that was not known, or could not reasonably have been discovered and/or presented at the time of the hearing.

3. University Appeal Board
   a. All appeals will be heard by the University Appeal Board. The Appeal Board will meet in a closed session, within a reasonable period of time, and will either grant or deny the appeal by a majority vote.
   b. If the student alleges that the sanction was extraordinarily disproportionate to the violation and the Appeal Board finds the sanctions extraordinarily disproportionate, the Appeal Board may reduce the sanction.
c. In considering appeals based on a procedural defect or the presence of new information, if the Appeal Board finds that there was a defect in the procedure or that new information was presented which was sufficiently substantial to the outcome, the Appeal Board will order a new hearing.

d. The respondent will be notified of the outcome of their appeal in writing by the director of the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility.

4. Vice Presidential Appeal
   a. The respondent may request the vice president for student affairs or designee review a University Appeal Board decision if the University Appeal Board denies the appeal.
   b. An appeal to the vice president for student affairs or designee must be submitted to the Office of the Vice President for Student Affairs within three business days after the receipt of written notification of the appeal board decision.
   c. If the student alleges that the sanction was extraordinarily disproportionate to the violation and the vice president for student affairs or designee finds the sanctions to be extraordinarily disproportionate, the vice president for student affairs or designee may reduce the sanction.
   d. In considering appeals based on a procedural defect or new information being presented, and the vice president for student affairs or designee finds that there was a defect in the procedure or that new information was presented which was sufficiently substantial to the outcome, the vice president for student affairs, or designee will order a new hearing.
   e. The respondent will be notified of the outcome of their appeal in writing by the vice president for student affairs or designee within a reasonable period of time.
   f. The decision of the vice president for student affairs or designee is the final decision in the matter.

Section I: Interim Measures, Presidential Interim Suspension, and State of Emergency

1. Interim Measures
   a. When the alleged actions of a student threaten the good order or safety of the University, interim measures may be put into place. Interim measures are administrative directives that are intended to insure the safety of the University and prevent a situation from escalating. Interim measures may be made at any point after a referral is received and may include, but are not limited to:
      i. Administrative directives for no contact;
      ii. Temporary or permanent re-assignment of University housing; and/or
      iii. Restriction of access to particular areas of campus.
   b. CSSR will make decisions on interim measures after appropriate consultation. Professional staff in Residential Housing may initiate an immediate residential move in the case of allegations of sexual misconduct, violence, or threats of violence. They may also issue temporary administrative directives for no contact under the same circumstances. Residential Housing will notify CSSR in writing of any interim measures
they initiate as soon as possible, but no later than the next business day. All interim measures described above will be documented in writing.

2. Presidential Interim Suspension
   a. When the actions of a student threaten the good order and discipline of the University, the president may intermly suspend the student, pursuant to Section 3345.24(B) of the Ohio Revised Code, pending a hearing by a University Hearing Board or an Administrative Hearing as requested by the student. In the event the president is away from campus or otherwise unavailable, the provost (or vice president for finance and administration in the absence of the provost) may impose a presidential interim suspension consistent with the following procedure:
      i. The vice president for student affairs initiates a presidential interim suspension by providing the president or designee with information of:
      ii. The name of the student and actions allegedly violating University regulations; and,
      iii. A statement of the University regulations allegedly violated by the student.
   b. If the president suspends a student, the director of the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility immediately notifies the student of the interim suspension and the next steps in the Community Standards Process. The Community Standards Process shall occur as expeditiously as possible in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct. Students who have been intermly suspended are not permitted to attend class (in person or otherwise) or be present on University premises unless authorized in writing in advance under conditions approved by the director of the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility.
   c. If the final decision is to suspend or expel the student, the sanction takes effect from the date of the presidential interim suspension. If the decision is a reprimand or disciplinary probation, or if the student is found not responsible for the charges, for purposes of the record, the interim suspension will be deemed not to have occurred. The student has the right to appeal the final decision in accordance with Section H.

3. State of Emergency
   a. Pursuant to section 3345.26 of the Ohio Revised Code, the board of trustees or president of a college or university which receives any state funds in support thereof, may declare a state of emergency when there is a clear and present danger or the orderly conduct of lawful activities at such college or university through riot, mob action or other substantial disorder, and may do one or more of the following, as are necessary to preserve order and discipline at such college or university during such emergency:
      i. Limit access to university property and facilities by any person or persons;
      ii. Impose a curfew;
      iii. Restrict the right of assembly by groups of five or more persons;
      iv. Provide reasonable measures to enforce limitations of access, a curfew and restrictions on the rights of assembly imposed pursuant to this section.
   b. Notice of action taken pursuant to Section I.3.a shall be posted or published in such manner as is reasonably calculated to reach all persons affected.
c. Sections I.3.a and I.3.b shall not be construed to limit the authority of the board of trustees, president or other proper official of a college or university to impose reasonable restrictions on use of and access to, and the hours and use and access to university property and facilities, for purpose of regulating the proper operation of such university, and regardless of whether any emergency exists.

Section J: Student Code of Conduct Review Process

1. Timeline
   a. The full Student Code of Conduct will undergo a formal review process every two years. The review will take place under the direction of the director of the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility in collaboration with the Student Code of Conduct: Review & Standards Committee.
   b. Should changes to the Student Code of Conduct be necessary for the purposes of complying with local, state, or Federal law, or as deemed necessary by the Student Code of Conduct: Review and Standards Committee, changes may be made outside of the two year cycle.
   c. The Appendices are independent of the Student Code of Conduct and are not part of the formal review process. For those Appendices that require periodic review, the information for that process is listed in that Appendix.

2. Proposing Changes to the Student Code of Conduct
   a. Any member of the Ohio University community may propose amendments to the Student Code of Conduct. Proposed amendments shall be reviewed by the Student Code of Conduct: Review and Standards Committee for possible consideration.

3. Approval Process
   a. All proposed changes to the Student Code of Conduct must be reviewed and approved by the Student Code of Conduct: Review and Standards Committee. Those changes will be submitted to the vice president for student affairs for consideration.
   b. Changes to Student Code of Conduct procedure (Sections C, E, G, H, and K) are subject to approval by the vice president for student affairs before implementation.
   c. Changes to Student Code of Conduct policies (Sections A, B, D, F, I, and J) are subject to approval by the president and formal action by the Board of Trustees prior to implementation.

Section K: Acknowledgements

Parts of the Ohio University Student Code of Conduct are adapted from The National Center for Higher Education Risk Management (NCHERM) Group Model Developmental Code of Student Conduct and are used here with permission. Additionally, the Office of Community Standards and Student Responsibility and the Student Code of Conduct: Review and Standards Committee wishes to acknowledge the following for their example and assistance in crafting this Student Code of Conduct:

- North Carolina State University – Office of Student Conduct
- Old Dominion University – Office of Student Conduct & Academic Integrity
• The Ohio State University – Student Conduct
• University of Central Florida – Office of Student Conduct
• University of Florida – Student Conduct & Conflict Resolution
• University of Texas at Austin – Student Judicial Services
• Wright State University – Community Standards and Student Conduct
Appendix A
Ohio Revised Code Section 3333.38 (House Bill 95)

A. Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 3333.38(C), Ohio University must immediately dismiss an individual who is convicted of, pleads guilty to, or is adjudicated a delinquent child for a violation of Ohio Revised Code Section 2917.02 (aggravated riot) or Ohio Revised Code Section 2917.03 (riot). Pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Section 3333.38(B), an individual who is convicted of, pleads guilty to, or adjudicated a delinquent child for any of the following offenses shall be ineligible to receive any student financial assistance supported by state funds for two calendar years from the time the individual applies for such assistance:

1. a violation of Ohio Revised Code Section 2917.02 (aggravated riot) or Ohio Revised Code Section 2917.03 (riot),
2. a violation of Ohio Revised Code Section 2917.04 (failure to disperse) that is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree,
3. a violation of Ohio Revised Code Section 2917.13 (misconduct at emergency) that is a misdemeanor of the fourth or first degree and occurs within the proximate area where four or more others are acting in a course of conduct in violation of Ohio Revised Code Section 2917.11 (disorderly conduct).

B. The student financial assistance programs supported by state funds includes any post-secondary student financial assistance supported by state funds, including assistance granted under Ohio Revised Code Sections:

3315.33 Ohio Scholarship Fund for Teacher Trainees
3333.12 Ohio Instructional Grant Program and Part-time Ohio Instructional Grant Program
3333.21 Ohio Academic Scholarship Program
3333.26 Tuition Waiver for Child or Spouse of Public Service Officer Killed in Line of Duty
3333.27 Student Choice Grant Program
3333.28 Nurse Education Assistance Program
3333.29 Student Workforce Development Grant Program
3333.372 Ohio Outstanding Scholarship and Ohio Priority Needs Fellowship
5910.03 Scholarship for Children of Deceased or Disabled Veterans of the Armed Services of the United States
5910.032 Children of Persons Declared Prisoner of War or Missing in Action
5919.34 National Guard Scholarship Program