

Matrix Operations¹

1. Try the following commands (at the prompt and then press `Enter`):

```
clear
```

```
M = [1, 3, -1, 6; 2, 4, 0, -1; 0, -2, 3, -1; -1, 2, -5, 1]
```

```
det(M)
```

```
inv(M)
```

2. Repeat the above procedure for the matrix:

$$N = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 6 \\ 1 & 4 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. Multiply M and N using `M * N`. Can the order of multiplication be switched? Why or why not? Try it to see how MATLAB reacts.
4. Find the determinant and inverse of the following matrix:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1.2969 & .8648 \\ .2161 & .1441 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. Let B be the matrix obtained from A by rounding off to three decimal places. Find the determinant and inverse of B . How do A^{-1} and B^{-1} differ? Explain how this happened.
6. Prepare a brief (< 1 page) written report describing what happened and answering all the questions. Writing quality will play a part in your grade.

This exercise introduces some basic matrix operations, the importance of matrix dimensions, and numerical sensitivity.

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